

Package: tpglp (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution
Functions

Version 0.1.0

Description Provides functions for random generation, density,
cumulative distribution, quantile function, moments, and
log-likelihood for a three-parameter generalized
Lindley-Poisson mixture model.

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

Imports stats

NeedsCompilation no

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Contents

dtpglp	2
logLik_tpglp	2
mean_tpglp	3
ptpglp	4
qtpglp	4
rtpglp	5
var_tpglp	6

Index	7
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dtpglp	<i>Density Function of the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes the probability mass function of the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson distribution.

Usage

```
dtpglp(y, pi, theta1, theta2, log = FALSE)
```

Arguments

y	Numeric vector of non-negative integers.
pi	Numeric. Mixing probability in [0,1].
theta1	Numeric. Positive parameter.
theta2	Numeric. Positive parameter.
log	Logical. If TRUE, returns log-probabilities.

Value

Numeric vector of probabilities.

Examples

```
dtpglp(0:5, pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
```

logLik_tpglp	<i>Log-Likelihood Function for the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes the log-likelihood.

Usage

```
logLik_tpglp(y, pi, theta1, theta2)
```

Arguments

y	Numeric vector of counts.
pi	Numeric. Mixing probability.
theta1	Numeric. Positive parameter.
theta2	Numeric. Positive parameter.

Value

Numeric value.

Examples

```
y <- rpois(100, 2)
logLik_tpglp(y, pi = 0.5, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
```

mean_tpglp	<i>Mean of the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes the mean.

Usage

```
mean_tpglp(pi, theta1, theta2)
```

Arguments

pi	Numeric. Mixing probability.
theta1	Numeric. Positive parameter.
theta2	Numeric. Positive parameter.

Value

Numeric value.

Examples

```
mean_tpglp(pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
```

ptpglp	<i>Distribution Function of the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes cumulative probabilities.

Usage

```
ptpglp(q, pi, theta1, theta2, lower.tail = TRUE)
```

Arguments

q	Numeric vector of quantiles.
pi	Numeric. Mixing probability in [0,1].
theta1	Numeric. Positive parameter.
theta2	Numeric. Positive parameter.
lower.tail	Logical.

Value

Numeric vector of probabilities.

Examples

```
ptpglp(5, pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
```

qtpglp	<i>Quantile Function of the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes quantiles numerically via inversion.

Usage

```
qtpglp(p, pi, theta1, theta2, max_y = 1000, lower.tail = TRUE)
```

Arguments

p	Numeric vector of probabilities.
pi	Numeric. Mixing probability.
theta1	Numeric. Positive parameter.
theta2	Numeric. Positive parameter.
max_y	Integer search limit.
lower.tail	Logical.

Value

Numeric vector of quantiles.

Examples

```
qtpglp(0.5, pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
```

rtpglp	<i>Random Generation from the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Generates random observations from a two-component mixture model: an Exponential-Poisson (geometric) component and a Gamma-Poisson (negative binomial) component.

Usage

```
rtpglp(n, pi, theta1, theta2, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

n	number of observations
pi	mixing probability
theta1	positive parameter
theta2	positive parameter
seed	optional seed

Details

For each observation:

- With probability π : $\lambda \sim \text{Exp}(1/\theta_1)$
- With probability $1 - \pi$: $\lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(\text{shape} = 2, \text{rate} = 1/\theta_2)$
- Then: $Y \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$

Value

vector of counts

Examples

```
rtpglp(100, pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
rtpglp(100, pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2, seed = 123)
```

var_tpglp	<i>Variance of the Three-Parameter Generalized Lindley-Poisson Distribution</i>
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Description

Computes the variance.

Usage

```
var_tpglp(pi, theta1, theta2)
```

Arguments

pi	Numeric. Mixing probability.
theta1	Numeric. Positive parameter.
theta2	Numeric. Positive parameter.

Value

Numeric value.

Examples

```
var_tpglp(pi = 0.6, theta1 = 1, theta2 = 2)
```

Index

dtpglp, 2

logLik_tpglp, 2

mean_tpglp, 3

ptpglp, 4

qtpglp, 4

rtpglp, 5

var_tpglp, 6